

# U.S. Geological Survey and Microsoft Cooperative Research and Development Agreement: Geospatial Data Browsing and Retrieval Site on the World Wide Web

## Introduction

In May 1997, the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) and the Microsoft Corporation of Redmond, Wash., entered into a cooperative research and development agreement (CRADA) to make vast amounts of geospatial data available to the general public through the Internet. The CRADA is a 36-month joint effort to develop a general, public-oriented browsing and retrieval site for geospatial data on the Internet. Specifically, Microsoft plans to (1) modify a large volume of USGS geospatial data so the images can be displayed quickly and easily over the Internet, (2) implement an easy-to-use interface for low-speed connections, and (3) develop an Internet Web site capable of servicing millions of users per day.

## Major Milestone

The Microsoft TerraServer Web site (<http://www.terraserver.microsoft.com>) opened to the public in June 1998 serving more than one terabyte (1,000,000,000,000 bytes) of geospatial data from a user-friendly interface. TerraServer is a mutually beneficial research effort where the Federal government and private industry have come together to provide general public access to USGS geospatial data while allowing Microsoft and its partners to promote their data base systems that can scale to very large sizes.

Initially the CRADA focused on storing and displaying more than 3 terabytes of USGS digital orthophoto quadrangle (DOQ) images. A DOQ is a computer image of an aerial photograph with



A portion of a USGS digital orthophoto quadrangle showing the White House in Washington, DC.

distortions caused by the shape of the ground surface and camera angle removed. ADOQ combines the details of a photograph with the geometric qualities of a map.

Microsoft has made millions of resampled, compressed, browsable images of the entire USGS DOQ archive available on the Internet and is serving these online as JPEG image tiles for a testing period of at least 18 months. After viewing the resampled images on the Internet site, users are able to download the image they see to their own computer. With the user's permission, a Java software program will write the image to a file on the user's computer hard disk at

no charge. Those wishing to purchase full resolution, uncompressed DOQ images will be linked to the USGS web site. Building on user feedback, Microsoft and the USGS will continue to improve the Internet site.

## Benefits of the CRADA

This joint research effort is increasing the visibility of USGS geospatial data with the general public because these images are prominently displayed on the Microsoft Internet site, which already receives millions of inquiries per day. This is an opportunity for the USGS to inform new user communities about USGS geospatial data.

Microsoft and its partners have extensive data display and storage technologies for handling terabytes of information on the Internet. The TerraServer Web site will show information technology managers that by using off-the-shelf software products from Microsoft and web server storage solutions from its partners, they can easily manage and serve huge data bases on Internet sites.

## Future Plans

The TerraServer site will be updated frequently as more USGS DOQ's are produced. Plans call for completing 50 percent of the conterminous United States on-line by 1999.

After launching the initial display of resampled DOQ images on the Internet, the USGS and Microsoft will pursue additional research activities under the CRADA. The TerraServer Web site may be augmented with other USGS digital data products, such as digital raster graphics, digital line graphs, digital elevation models, and aerial or satellite images. In addition, linking other types of USGS data will be considered.

## Information

For more information on this CRADA with Microsoft, contact:

Beth Duff  
U.S. Geological Survey  
508 National Center  
Reston, VA 20192  
Phone: 703-648-4621  
Fax: 703-648-5939  
Email: [bduff@usgs.gov](mailto:bduff@usgs.gov)

or

John Nordlinger  
Microsoft Corporation  
One Microsoft Way  
Redmond, WA 98052  
Phone: 425-936-3128  
Fax: 425-936-7329  
E-mail: [johnnord@microsoft.com](mailto:johnnord@microsoft.com)

More information about DOQ's can be found at:

URL: <http://mapping.usgs.gov/mac/isb/pubs/factsheets/fs12996.html>

For further information on CRADA opportunities with the USGS National Mapping Division, please contact:

Ernest B. Brunson  
U.S. Geological Survey  
500 National Center  
Reston, VA 20192  
Phone: 703-648-4643  
Fax: 703-648-5542  
E-mail: [ebrunson@usgs.gov](mailto:ebrunson@usgs.gov)

## Additional Information

For information on other USGS products and services, call 1-800-USA-MAPS, or use the EARTHFAX fax-on-demand system, which is available 24 hours a day at 703-648-4888.

Please visit the USGS home page at  
<URL: <http://www.usgs.gov/>>.